



International Collaboration to promote promoting Energy Efficiency in networked devices

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Capetown, DUE, March 31st, 2015



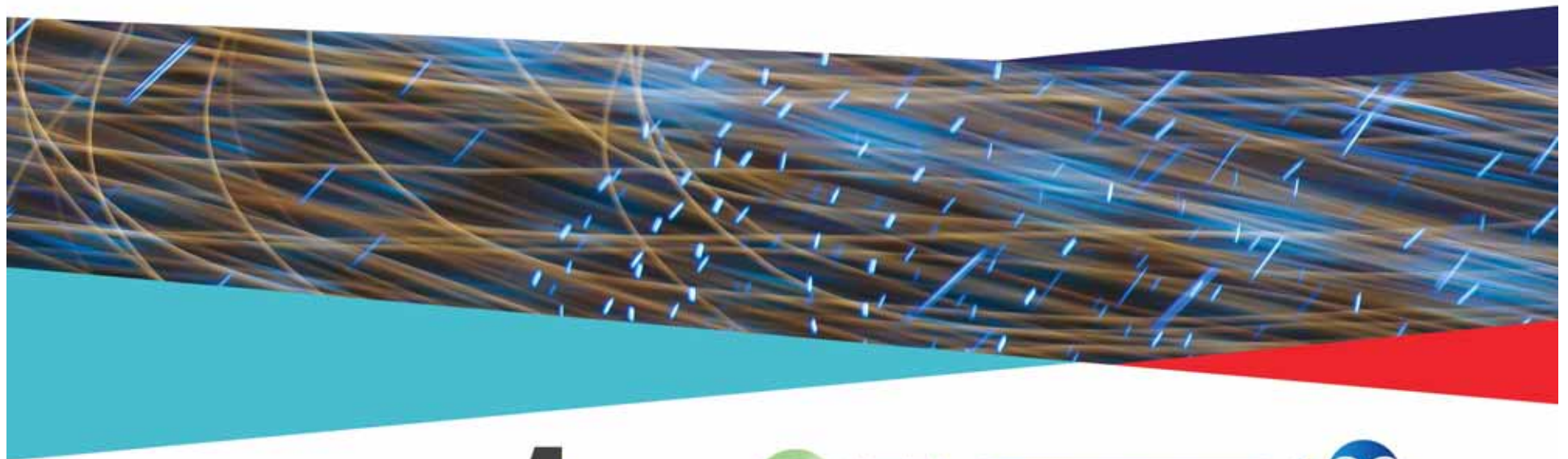
G20 ENERGY EFFICIENCY ACTION PLAN

VOLUNTARY COLLABORATION ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY

16 NOVEMBER 2014

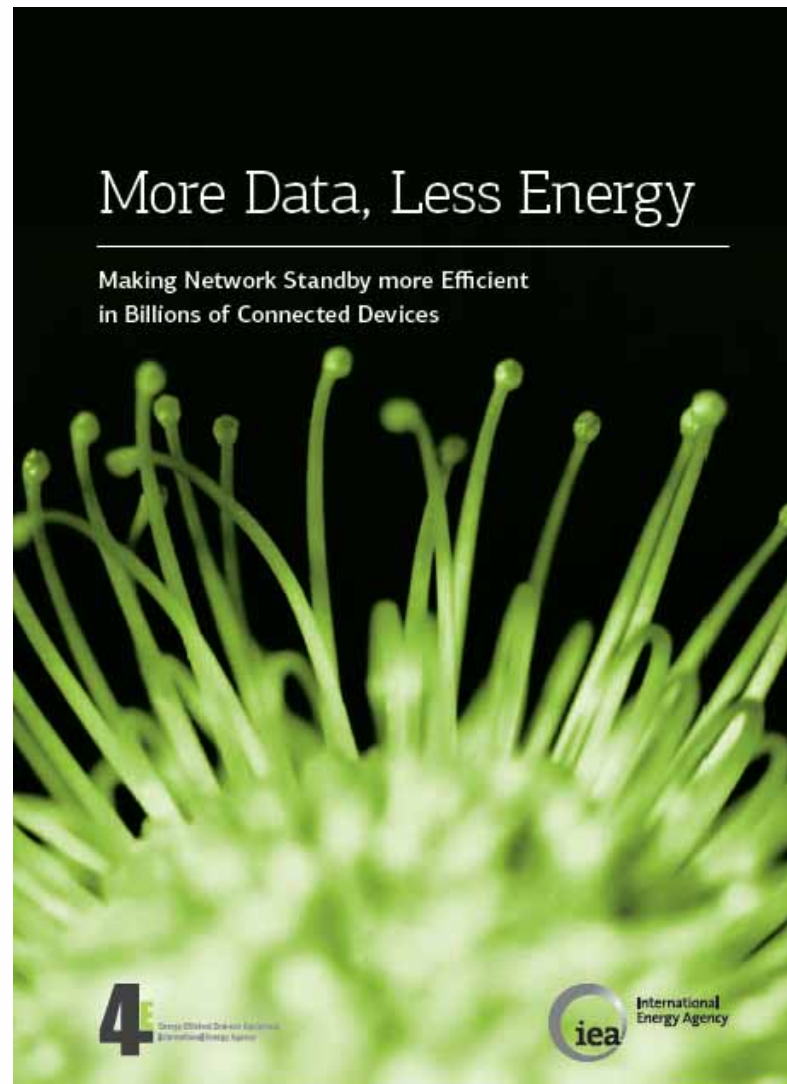
G20 ENERGY EFFICIENCY ACTION PLAN: Networked Devices

Capetown | 31 March 2015



A brief recent history

■ More Data, Less Energy Published, July 2014



A brief recent history

- **Adopted as part of the G20 Energy Efficiency Action Plan in November 2014**
 - IEA leading the work stream with the UK Department of Energy & Climate Change
 - Supported by IEA-4E Implementing Agreement and SEAD
 - Reporting through IPEEC
- **Taken forward under the Turkish presidency from the start of 2015**

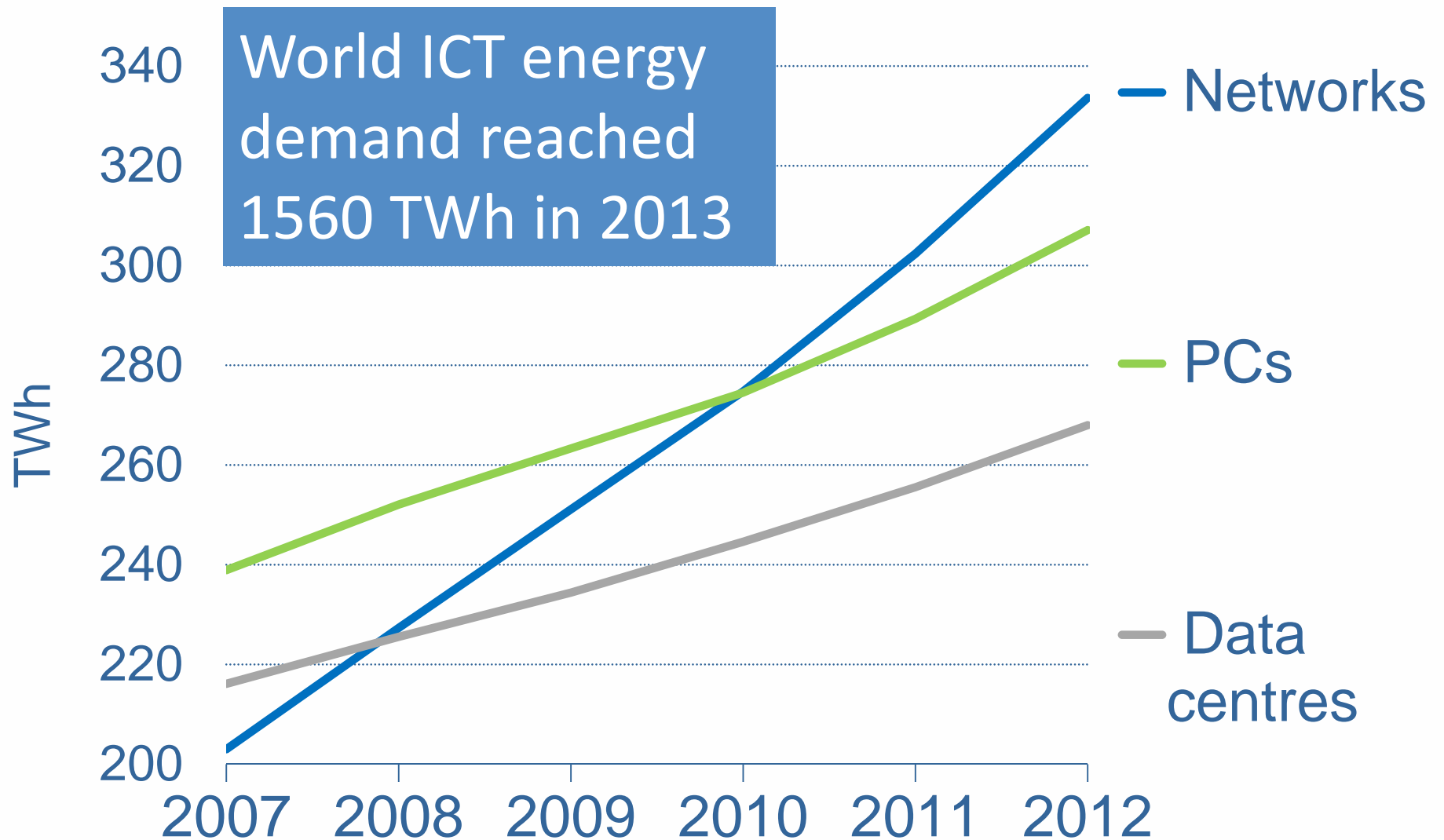


Why we care about networked devices?

- **Managing energy demand is key to secure sustainable energy systems**
- **Information communication technology (ICT) electricity demand is growing at a faster rate than overall electricity demand**
- **Devices (including appliances) in homes and offices are driving this demand**
- **These provide valuable services, but there are significant energy efficiency opportunities**
- **Policies can play an important role in creating the conditions needed to accelerate energy efficiency**

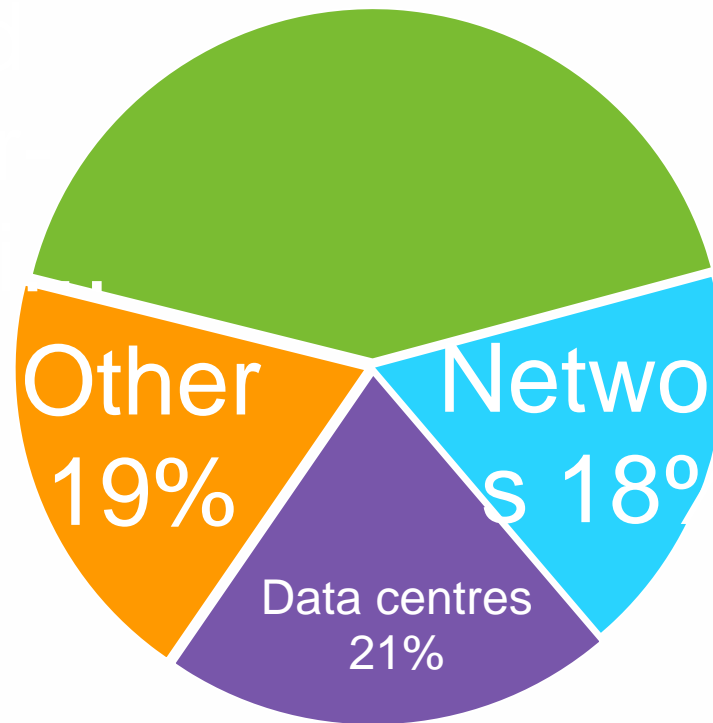
Growing electricity demand of ICT

■ Electricity demand of networks, PCs and data centres

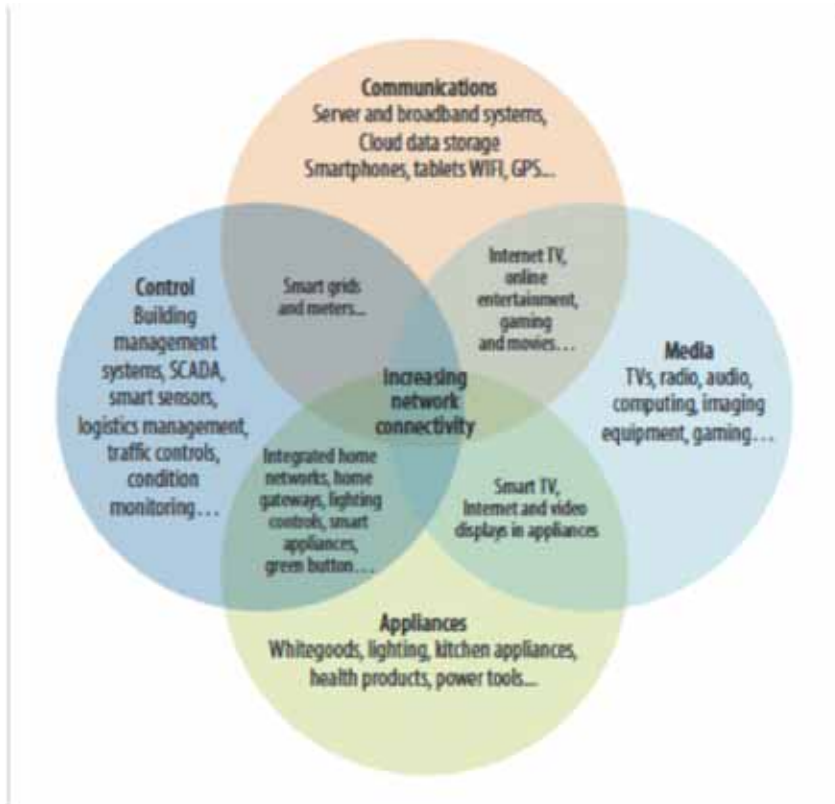


Networked devices are driving electricity demand

■ ICT electricity demand by segment



The new age of information and communication technology



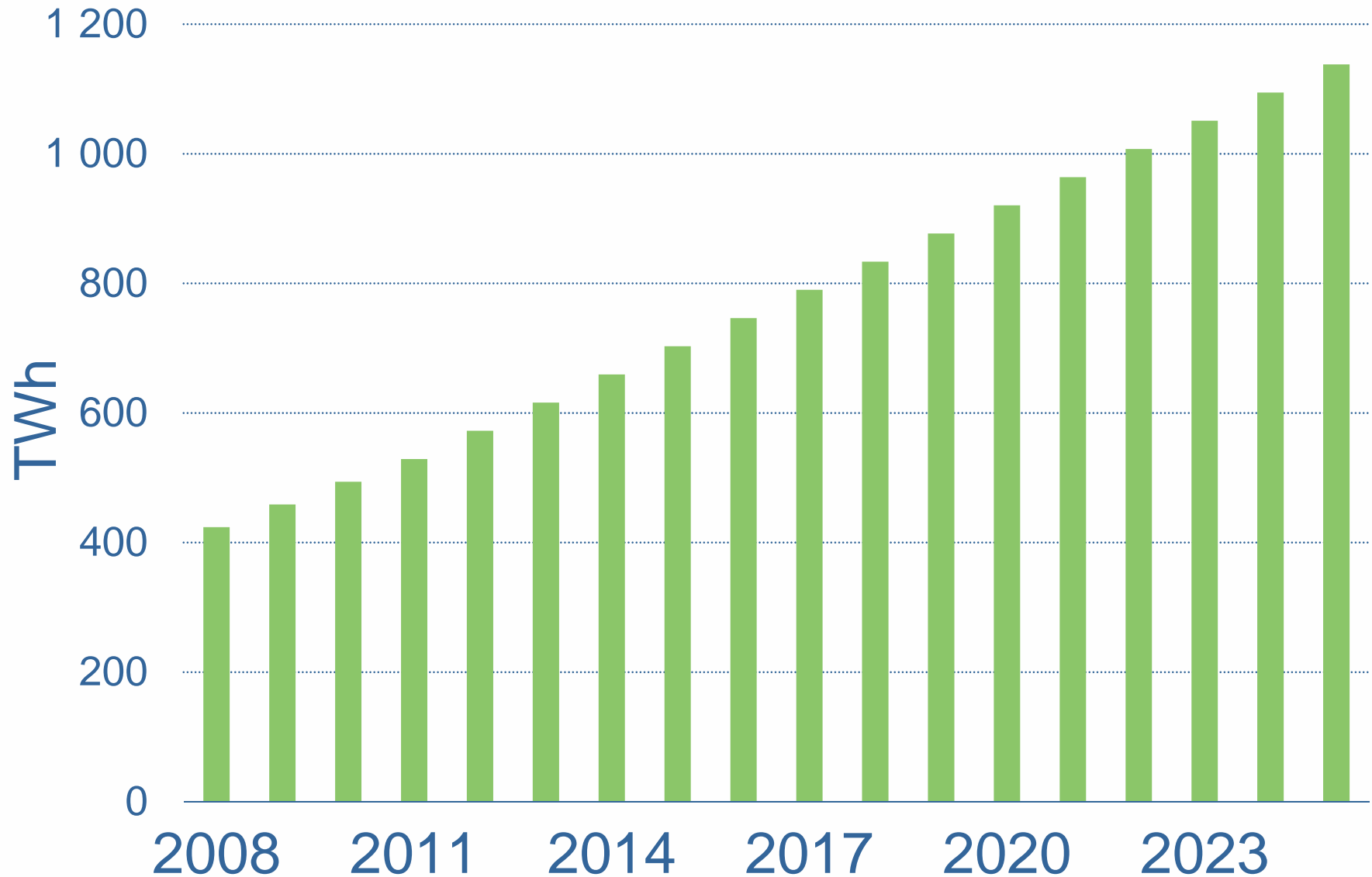
Standby power consumption of networked devices is >600 TWh p.a.

= More than Canada's total annual electricity consumption for 2011.

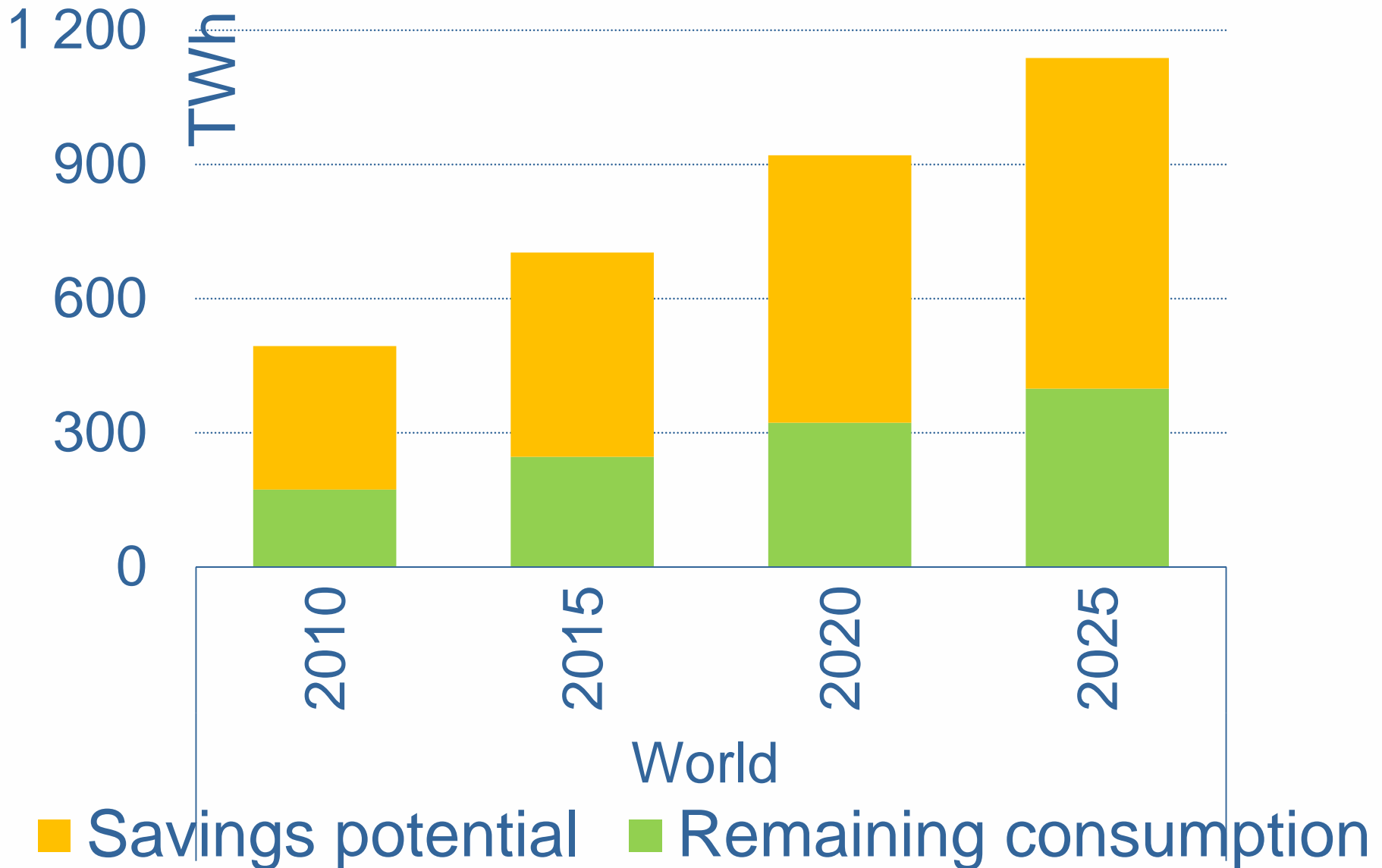
By 2025, global standby power consumption is projected to nearly double.

The global energy footprint information and communication technology, 2013

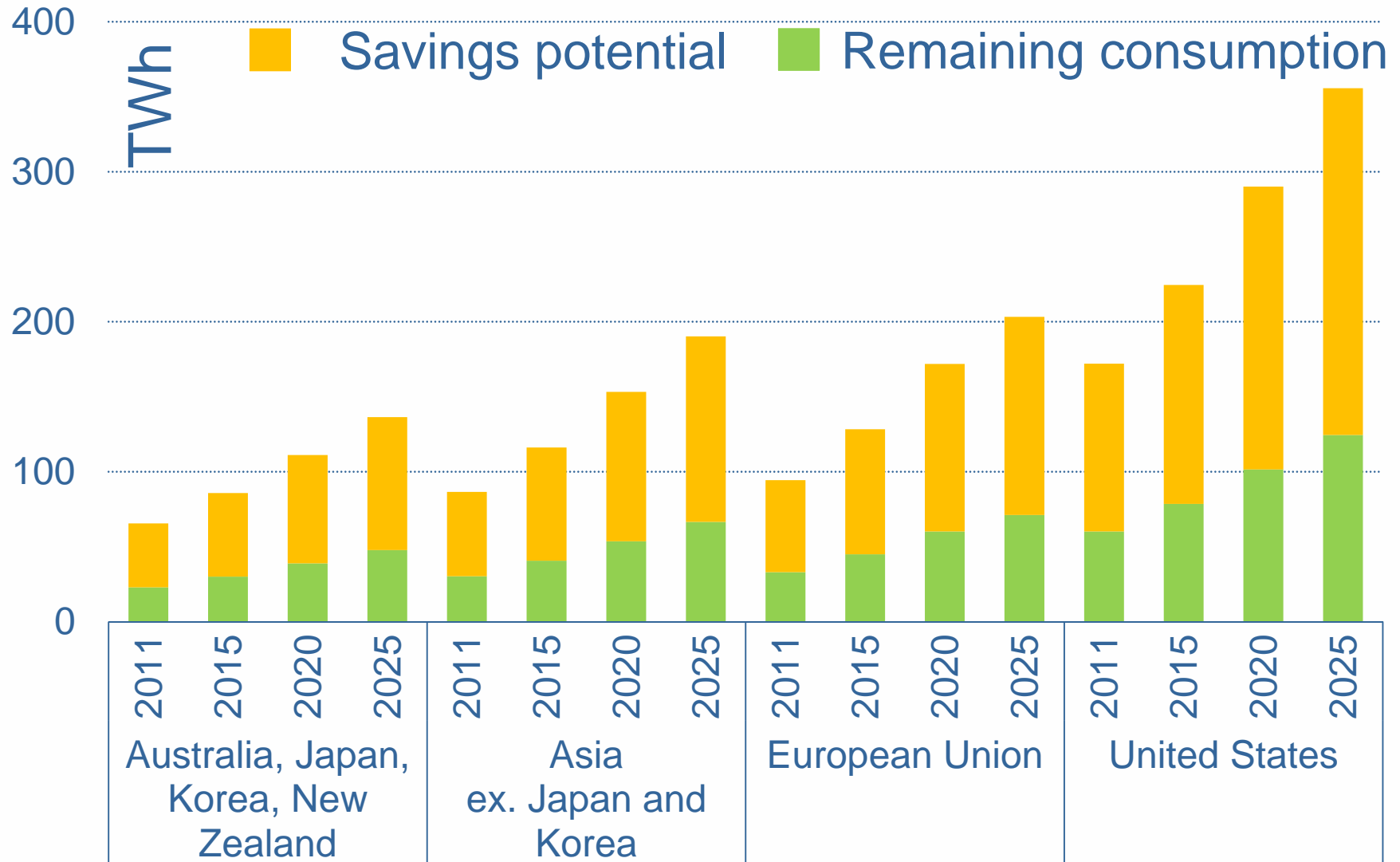
Networked devices are driving electricity demand



How much could we save?



How much could we save?



Work stream deliverables

- **Establish a forum** for governments and industries representative of the value chain for connected devices to develop joint initiatives.
- **Expand relevant research and share information** amongst participants.
- **Accelerate the development of product standards** for technologies that would enable devices to power down and use less energy when in standby mode.
- **Develop policy frameworks** to reduce energy consumption of networked devices when in standby mode.
- **Consider goals** for reducing the global standby mode energy consumption of networked devices.
- **Report on progress** with these issues and make recommendations to the G20 Summit in Turkey.

Progress so far

- **Government / Industry workshop at IEA in January**
- **Six themes proposed for further developments**
 - Goal/vision
 - Awards
 - Protocols
 - IEA Principles for Energy Efficiency in Digital Devices
 - Centre of Excellence
 - Digital Energy Disclosure
- **Industry invited to propose further themes by end Mar**
- **Web presence established to host outputs and provide information on the work stream**
 - <http://www.iea-4e.org/projects/g20>.
- **Network of 300 government agency & industry contacts established**

Timeline for 2015

- **Joint Government/Industry workshop, January 19/20, IEA, Paris**
 - **Progress report to ESWG – February**
- **Government workshop, May 21, Copenhagen**
 - **Progress report ESWG – May**
- **Joint Government/Industry workshop, June 17/18, IEA, Paris**
 - **Progress report to ESWG – September**
- **Report to leaders, November**

G20 Energy Efficiency Action Plan

“Participating countries will work together to accelerate the development of new ways to improve the energy efficiency of networked devices”

“In 2015, this work will include consideration of options for goals for reducing the global standby mode energy consumption of networked devices”

Key Tasks

1. Co-ordinate governments, experts & industry to encourage innovative responses to energy consumed by network devices
2. Expand relevant research & share information
3. Accelerate standards for enabling devices to use less energy in network standby mode

Key Tasks (2)

4. Develop policy frameworks to reduce energy consumption in network standby mode
5. Consider goals for reducing global standby mode energy of network devices
6. Report on progress with these issues to the next G20 Summit in Turkey (via IPEEC)

Roles and Responsibilities

- Coordination:
 - UK (Dept of Energy & Climate Change)
 - International Energy Agency
- Resources being harnessed:
 - Energy Efficient End-Use Equipment Implementing Agreement (IEA-4E)
 - IEA-4E Electronic Devices and Networks Annex (EDNA)
 - Super Efficient Equipment and Appliance Deployment initiative (SEAD)

Working Groups

Joint industry/government groups to develop new initiatives on:

1. Vision

Identify ambitious goal to focus government and industry attention on the issue of networked devices.

2. Principles for Energy Efficiency in Digital Devices

Develop and promote a set of 'guiding principles' for the design of equipment and networks.

3. Protocols

Identify gaps in the existing landscape of protocols with potential to enhance energy efficiency.

Working Groups

4. Digital Energy Disclosure

Investigate how networked devices can communicate information on their own energy use.

5. Centre of Excellence

Establish an open access repository for best practice in energy efficiency in network devices.

6. Awards

Explore the use of awards to incentivise industry and standards making bodies.

7. Intelligent Efficiency

Examine and quantify the benefits of intelligent efficiency.

Workshops

19/20 January 2015	Joint Government/Industry workshop	IEA, Paris
21 May 2015	Government workshop	Copenhagen
17/18 June 2015	Joint Government/Industry workshop	IEA, Paris

Further information

<http://www.iea-4e.org/projects/g20>



Participants

Industry	Government
ADM	Australia
Alcatel-Lucent International	Canada
ARM Holdings	Denmark
European Committee of Domestic Equipment Manufacturers (CECED)	European Commission
Cisco	France
Consumer Electronics Association (US)	Germany
DELL	Korea
Digital Europe	Netherlands
Ericsson	Saudi Arabia
Hitachi	Sweden
Hewlett Packard	United Kingdom
Information Technology Industry Council	USA
Intel	
Japan Electrical Manufacturers' Association	
LG	
Osram	
PACE	
Philips	
Power Integrations	
Rockwell Automation	
Samsung	
Schneider Electric	
Sony Computer Entertainment	
ST Microelectronics	
Telecom Italia	
Telecommunications Technology Association	
Zigbee	
	Intergovernmental
	IPEEC
	IEA
	Super-efficient Appliance Deployment Initiative (SEAD)
	UNEP